

SECTION 1) Identification

PRODUCT CODE: CWGASIDE TRADE NAME: Concrete Welder Gray A-SIDE MANUFACTURER: Roklin Systems, Inc. ADDRESS: 300 E. Shell Road, Ventura, CA 93001, U.S.A. PHONE NUMBER: 805-256-7680 EMERGENCY PHONE: 805-616-8763 FAX NUMBER: 805 204 4145

SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification (1272/2008/CE):

Acute toxicity, Inhalative, Category 4 (H332) Skin irritation, Category 2 (H315) Eye irritation, Category 2 (H319) Sensitization of the respiratory airways, Category 1 (H334) Sensitization of the skin, Category 1 (H317) Carcinogenicity, Category 2 (H351) Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (H335) Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 2 (H373) Classification (2006/121/EC, 1999/45/EC): Harmful by inhalation. Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Nature Diphenylmethane-diisocyanate prepolymer Hazardous Components in Product for EC Type of product: Substance Diphenvlmethane-diisocvanate, isomers and homologues Hazardous components Diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Concentration [wt.-%]: ca. 100 CAS-No.: 9016-87-9 Classification (1272/2008/CE): Acute Tox. 4 Inhalative H332 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Sens. Resp. 1 H334 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Carc. 2 H351 STOT SE 3 H335 STOT RE 2 Inhalative H373 Specific threshold concentration (GHS): Sens. Resp. 1 H334 >= 0,1 % Eye Irrit. 2 H319 >= 5 % Skin Irrit. 2 H315 >= 5 % STOT SE 3 H335 >= 5 % Classification (67/548/EEC): Carc.Cat.3 R40 Xn R20 R42/43 R48/20 Xi R36/37/38 Classification/labeling analogous to Index No.: 615-005-00-9 Specific threshold concentration Xn R42 0.1 - < 1 % Xn R40, R42/43 1 - < 5 % Xn R36/37/38, R40, R42/43 5 - < 10 % Xn R36/37/38, R40, R42/43, R48/20 10 - < 25 % Xn R20, R36/37/38, R40, R42/43, R48/20 >= 25 %





SECTION 4) FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: Soiled, soaked clothing and shoes must be immediately removed, decontaminated and disposed of. **If inhaled:** Take the person into the fresh air and keep him warm, let him rest; if there is difficulty in breathing, medical advice is required.

In case of skin contact: In the event of contact with the skin, preferably wash with a cleanser based on polyethylene glycol or with plenty of warm water and soap. Consult a doctor in the event of a skin reaction.

In case of eye contact: Hold the eyes open and rinse with preferably lukewarm water for a sufficiently long period of time (at least 10 minutes). Contact an ophthalmologist.

If swallowed: DO NOT induce the patient to vomit, medical advice is required.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Notes to physician: The product irritates the respiratory tract and may trigger sensitization of the skin and respiratory tract. Treatment of acute irritation or bronchial constriction is primarily symptomatic. Extended medical treatment may be required depending on the degree of exposure and the severity of the symptoms.

SECTION 5) FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide (CO2), Foam, extinguishing powder, in cases of larger fires, water spray should be used.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture: Burning releases carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, isocyanate vapors and traces of hydrogen cyanide. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fire in vicinity poses risk of pressure build-up and rupture. Containers at risk from fire should be cooled with water and, if possible, removed from the danger area.

Advice for fire-fighters: During fire-fighting respirator with independent air-supply and airtight garment is required. Do not allow contaminated extinguishing water to enter the soil, ground-water or surface waters.

SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Put on protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation/exhaust extraction. Keep unauthorized persons away. **Environment related measures:** Do not allow to escape into waterways, wastewater or soil.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Remove mechanically; cover the remainder with wet, absorbent material (e.g. sawdust, chemical binder based on calcium silicate hydrate, sand). After approx. one hour transfer to waste container and do not seal (evolution of CO2!). Keep damp in a safe ventilated area for several days. Spill area can be decontaminated with the following recommended decontamination solution: Decontamination solution 1: 8-10% sodium carbonate and 2% of liquid soap in water Decontamination solution 2: Liquid/yellow soap (potassium soap with ~15% anionic tenside): 20ml; Water:700ml; Polyethylenglycol (PEG 400): 350m

SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Wear skin, eye, and respiratory protection during cleanup. Soak up material with absorbent and shovel into a chemical

waste container. Cover container, but do not seal, and remove from work area. Prepare a decontamination solution of 2.0% liquid detergent and 3-8% concentrated ammonium hydroxide in water (5-10% sodium carbonate may be substituted

for the ammonium hydroxide). Follow the precautions on the supplier's material safety data sheets. All operations should be performed by trained personnel familiar with the hazards of the chemicals used. Treat the spill area with the decontamination solution, using about 10 parts of solution for each part of the spill, and allow it to react for at least 15 minutes. Carbon dioxide will be evolved, leaving insoluble polyureas. Residues from spill cleanup, even when treated as described may continue to be regulated under provisions of RCRA and require storage and disposal as hazardous waste. **WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:** Empty containers can be disposed of in a normal manner. If A and B residue exists they are to be combined and mixed to create an inert polymerized mass which can then be disposed of in compliance with all

relevant local laws and regulations.



SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE continued

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING: Keep in cool, dry, ventilated storage area, in closed containers and out of direct sunlight. Store in containers above ground and surrounded by dikes to contain spills or leaks. Keep containers closed when not in use.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: Prevent skin and eye contact, observe TLV limitations. Avoid breathing vapors when vapors are present. Workers should shower and change to fresh clothing after each shift. A sensitized individual should not be exposed to the product that caused the sensitization. Air circulation and exhaustion of isocyanate vapors must be maintained until the coatings have fully cured to ensure that no health hazard remains. Warning properties (irritation of the eyes, nose and throat or odor) are not adequate to prevent chronic overexposure from inhalation. This product can produce asthmatic sensitization upon either single inhalation exposure to a relatively high concentration or upon repeated inhalation exposure to lower concentrations. Exposure to vapors of heated isocyanates can be extremely dangerous. Employee education and training in safe handling of this material is required under OSHA hazard communication standard. Individuals with existing respiratory disease such as chronic bronchitis, emphysema, or asthma should not be exposed to isocyanates. These individuals should be identified through baseline and annual evaluation and removed from further exposure. Medical examination should include medical history, vital capacity, and forced expiratory volume at one second.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Keep container tightly closed and dry. Further information on the storage conditions which must be observed to preserve quality can be found in our product information sheet. VCI storage class (VCI = German Association of the Chemical Industry): 10

SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Substance CAS-No. Basis Type Value Ceiling Limit Value Remarks

diphenylmethane- 101-68-8 TRGS 900 TLV 0,05 mg/m3 =2= Y 4,4'-diisocyanate diphenylmethane- 101-68-8 TRGS 900 STEL 0,05 mg/m3 1 Substance listed 4,4'-diisocyanate FAC with both Peak Factor and STEL Factor. The Peak Factor is supplied with AGW values diphenylmethane- 101-68-8 TRGS 900 STEL 0,05 mg/m3 Category I: substances 4,4'-diisocyanate CL for which the localized effect has an assigned OEL respiratory passages. **Other Precautions:** Prevent skin and eye contact. Wear eye/face protective gear and suitable protective clothing.

SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: liquid Color: brown Odor: earthy, musty Odor Threshold: not established pH: not established Pour point: -24 °C DIN 51556 Boiling point/boiling range: > 300 °C Flash point: > 250 °C DIN 51758 Evaporation rate: not established Flammability (solid, gas): not applicable Burning number: not applicable Vapor pressure: 1 hPa at 20 °C EG A4 12 hPa at 50 °C EG A4 17 hPa at 55 °C EG A4 Diphenyl-methane-diisocyanate (MDI) < 0,00001 hPa at 20 °C Vapor density: not established Density: 1,24 g/cm³ at 20 °C DIN 51757 Miscibility with water: immiscible at 15 °C Water solubility: insoluble, reacts under separation from CO2 Surface tension: not established Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): not established



SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES continued

Acute toxicity, dermal: diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Autoignition temperature: not applicable Ignition temperature: > 500 °C DIN 51794 Decomposition temperature: not established

Viscosity, dynamic: 296 mPa.s at 20 °C DIN 53211

Explosive properties: not established

Dust explosion class: not applicable

Oxidizing properties: not established

Other information: The indicated values do not necessarily correspond to the product specification.

Please refer to the technical information sheet for specification data.

SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability: Polymerizes at about 200 °C with evolution of CO2. **Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Exothermic reaction with amines and alcohols; reacts with water forming CO2; in closed containers, risk of bursting owing to increase of pressure. **Hazardous decomposition products:** No hazardous decomposition products when stored and handled correctly.

SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

LD50 rabbit, male/female: > 9.400 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402 Acute toxicity, inhalation: diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues LC50 rat, male/female: 310 mg/m³, 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 The substance was tested in a form (i.e. specific particle size distribution) that is different from the forms in which the substance is placed on the market and in which it can reasonably be expected to be used. Therefore, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified. Primary skin irritation: diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues: rabbit Result: slight irritant Method: OECD Test Guideline 404 Sensitization: diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Skin sensitization according to Magnusson/Kligmann (maximizing test): guinea pig Result: negative Method: OECD Test Guideline 406 Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA): mouse Result: positive Method: OECD Test Guideline 429 Toxicological studies of a comparable product. Respiratory sensitization rat Result: May cause sensitization by inhalation. Carcinogenicity: diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Species: rat, male/female **Application Route: Inhalative** Dose Levels: 0 - 0.2 - 1 - 6 ma/m3 Test substance: as aerosol Exposure duration: 2 a Frequency of treatment: 6 hours/day, 5 days/week Method: OECD Test Guideline 453 Occurrence of tumors in the highest dose group. Additional information: Special properties/effects: Eye effect: Causes slight temporary reddening and swelling of the conjunctiva and slight reversible clouding of the cornea. In high concentrations vapor of product has irritating effects on eyes and mucous membranes. Skin effect: Irritant. Prolonged contact with the skin may cause tanning and irritant effects. Human

experience: Irritation of the mucous membranes in the nose, throat and lungs, dryness of the throat, pressure on the chest, sometimes accompanied by breathing difficulties and headaches. Possible delayed appearance of the symptoms and allergic reaction in susceptible persons.



SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not allow to escape into waterways, wastewater or soil. Isocyanate reacts with water at the interface forming CO2 and a solid, insoluble product with a high melting point (polyurea). This reaction is accelerated by surfactants (e.g. detergents) or by water-soluble solvents. Previous experience shows that polyurea is inert and non-degradable.

SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose in accordance with applicable international, national and local laws. If residue exists, containers may be washed with water and the resultant inert waste product can be disposed of according to local law, and the container can then be recycled after removal of hazardous warning labels.

SECTION 14) TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

ADR/RID Not dangerous goods ADN Not dangerous goods ADNR (tanker only) Not dangerous goods IATA Not dangerous goods IMDG Not dangerous goods Special precautions for user : Not dangerous cargo. Avoid temperatures below +10 °C. Avoid heat above +50 °C. Keep dry. Keep away from foodstuffs, acids and alkalis.

SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

TA Luft List (Germany):

Type: Organic Substances

portion Class 1: 100 %

Water contaminating class (Germany): 1 slightly water endangering (in accordance with Annex 4 to the Directive on Water-Hazardous Substances) Any existing national regulations on the handling of isocyanates must be observed.

SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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